REMARKS

The present application includes claims 1-22, all of which have been rejected. In

particular, claims 1-22 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S.

2003/0169850 ("Kump") in view of U.S. 2004/0017224 ("Tumer"). The Applicants respectfully

traverse these claim rejections for at least the following reasons.

As an initial matter, the Applicants note that a goal of patent examination is to provide a

prompt and complete examination of a patent application.

It is <u>essential</u> that patent applicants obtain a prompt yet complete examination of their applications. Under the

principles of compact prosecution, each claim should be reviewed

for compliance with every statutory requirement for

patentability in the initial review of the application, even if one or more claims are found to be deficient with respect to some

or more claims are found to be deficient with respect to some statutory requirement. Thus, Office personnel should state all

reasons and bases for rejecting claims in the first Office action.

Deficiencies should be explained clearly, particularly when they serve as a basis for a rejection. Whenever practicable, Office

personnel should indicate how rejections may be overcome and

how problems may be resolved. A failure to follow this approach can lead to unnecessary delays in the prosecution of the

application.

Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP) § 2106(II) (emphasis added). As such, the

Applicants assume, based on the goals of patent examination noted above, that the current Office

Action has set forth "all reasons and bases" for rejecting the claims.

Further, this Response does not amend any of the claims. Therefore, the Applicants

respectfully submit that this Response cannot raise any new issues with respect to the pending

claims that would require a further search. In short, a never-ending process of repeatedly

dredging up different prior art references after the Applicants effectively differentiate cited

references without amending claims unquestionably undermines the principles of compact

prosecution.

Turning now to the claim rejections, in particular, claim 1 recites, in part, "examining an

image from an x-ray detector to measure a first signal level for a first area of interest and a

second signal level for a second area of interest, wherein said first area of interest includes a

first image area and said second area includes a second image area; determining a difference

in said first signal level and said second signal level." Note, the claim is clear that a first

signal level for a first area of interest in the image and a second signal level for a second area of

interest in the same image are examined for measurement. Further, the first area of interest

includes a first image area of the image and the second area includes a second image area of

that image. Next, a difference in the first signal level for the first area of interest of the image

and the second signal level for the second area of interest of the image is determined.

The Office Action relies on Kump as disclosing these limitations. See September 11,

2008 Office Action at page 3.

Kump discloses, however, the following:

The method [of Kump] includes: exposing a detector to a first exposure from an energy source during a first exposure interval;

after said first exposure interval, obtaining a first image data set during a first read time; after the first read time, exposing the detector a second exposure from the energy source during a second

exposure interval; after the second exposure interval, obtaining a second image data set during a second read time; after the second read time, scrubbing the detector; after the scrubbing, obtaining a first offset image from the detector; after the obtaining the first

offset image, obtaining a second offset image from the detector; applying the first offset image to compensate for charge retention effects in the first image data sets; and applying the second offset

image to compensate for charge retention effects in the second

image data set.

Kump at [0018]. As shown above, Kump discloses obtaining first and second image data sets

and first and second offset images. Kump does not describe, teach or suggest, however,

measuring a first signal level for a first area of interest of an image and a second signal level for

a second area of interest of the same image. Additionally, while Kump discloses applying offset

images to compensate for charge retention effects, Kump does not describe, teach or suggest

measuring signal levels of areas of an image or determining a difference between signal levels of

areas of interest of an image.

Kump discloses "subtracting the 'dark' scan from the actual 'exposed' can of the desired

object." See id. at [0039]. However, the 'dark scan' is an offset image, not a signal level of a an

area of interest within an image. See id. at [0039] ("In step 416, the detector 110 obtains a first

offset image. An offset image is a 'dark' scan...").

The Office Action cites Kump at Figure 4, references 406 and 412 as disclosing

"examining an image from an x-ray detector to measure a first signal level for a first area of

interest and a second signal level for a second area of interest, wherein said first area of interest

includes a first image are and said second area includes a second image area." See September

11, 2008 Office Action at page3.

Reference numeral 406 of Kump recites, however, "Obtain First Image Data Set During

First Read Time After First Delay," while reference numeral 412 of Kump recites "Obtain

Second Image Data Set During Second Read Time After Second Delay." See Kump at Figure 4.

Notably, neither of these portions discloses measuring signal levels of an image, and clearly not

signal levels of a plurality of areas of an image.

As noted above, the Office Action relies on Kump as disclosing "examining an image

from an x-ray detector to measure a first signal level for a first area of interest and a second

signal level for a second area of interest, wherein said first area of interest includes a first

image area and said second area includes a second image area; determining a difference in

said first signal level and said second signal level." Independent claim 12 recites similar

limitations. As explained above, though, Kump does not describe, teach or suggest these

limitations, contrary to the assertions in the Office Action. Thus, for at least these reasons, the

Applicants respectfully request reconsideration of the rejection of claims 1-22 as being

unpatentable over Kump in view of Tumer.

In general, the Office Action makes various statements regarding the pending claims and

the cited references that are now moot in light of the above. Thus, the Applicants will not

address such statements at the present time. The Applicants expressly reserve the right,

however, to challenge such statements in the future should the need arise (e.g., if such statement

should become relevant by appearing in a future claim rejection).

The Applicants respectfully request that the outstanding rejections be reconsidered and

withdrawn for at least the reasons discussed above. If the Examiner has any questions or the

Applicants can be of any assistance, the Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned attorney.

Serial No. 10/774,174 Response Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.111 October 17, 2008

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any necessary fees, or credit any overpayment to the Deposit Account No. 07-0845.

Respectfully submitted,

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